Figure 2: Components of Evaluation and Care Reference Card

mponents of Evaluation and Care Reference Card	Components of Evaluation and Care Reference
American College of Medical Genetics	New York State Department of Health
Evaluation of the Newborn with Malformations	
Components of Evaluation and Care	Physical Enamination (continued)
History	* Abdominsi waii and palpation
• Premotal	abnormalities, e.g. manes
' Moternal age, parity, health	 Conital appearance and materation
* Complications of pregnancy	* Anal orifics location and patency
 Illnesses and treatments 	* Back symmetry + /- since tracts or
* Exposures (drugs, etc)	hair tofts in incerglatesi cleft
* Folic acid sopplementation	* Extremity proportion, appearance,
' Promanal testing	range of motion, abnormalities
* Perinanal	- Palmac creases, flexion creases
· Duration of prognancy	at joints
· Intrapartum course	Neurological exam, including some,
 Presentation and mode of delivery 	alevaness & reflexes
 Complications and course 	Initial Impression & Differential Diagnosis
Pamily history	• Single (isolated) malformation
· Information re: three generations	 Multiple multormations of known pattern
 Malformed infants 	(pyndrome identified)
• Stillborns	 Afnhiple malformations (puners not recognized)
 Pandital disorders or traits 	Diagnostic Evaluations
· Consunguinity	- lmaging
* Bihnis background	Citromosomai analysis
Physical Examination	
 Gestational age, growth parameters and 	Other genetic ress
measurements (%iles)	 Consider specialty referral and/or consultation
 Comprehensive examination. 	Dovelop Working Diagnosis and Counsel Family
General appearance	Connecting the Family
 Proportionality and symmetry 	Counseling principles
- Posizioning, posture	· Supportive
- Bekaylor	 Respect privacy and confidentiality
 Other observations 	· Pacilizate grieving process
Skin pigmenaulon, dimples, peeling, vascular	* Supportive setting
or other lesions	* Privacy and quiet
· Head shape, symmetry, forcastelles	* Inclusion of others according to family
 Scalp hair paracraing and who de 	preference
· Pacial destares	Connege.
· Papits, orbits, palpebral Essure	 Medical facts and diagnoses
length and sinut iter rotation, size and shape	* Etiology and prognosis
Nami appearance and patency	* Treatment plan and priorities
- Ups, philirem and vermilion border	* Uncertainties
- Palete, torrese and absolat ridges	* Resources
- Mandibular shape and site	* Recurrence risks
 Nechal posterior hairline, redundant skin or 	* Family psychosocial support
webbing, sims tracts	Longitudinal Care and Case Management
* Chest shape, symmetry, location	 Written reports and written materials for families
of nipples, 4/- accessory nipples	 Ongoing care and referrals as indicated
	- privately make, while believe the Westgrand